



### Mining-reliant Communities, 2001

There are 185 mining-reliant communities, of which 88 have a reliance of 50% or greater, and 97 have a reliance of 30 to 49%. The economy of these communities depends either on local mining activity or on metal-processing plants.

0 150 300 450 600 km

Lambert Conformal Conic Projection. Standard Parallels 49°N and 77°N

- |   |                                      |   |
|---|--------------------------------------|---|
| <b>Mining-reliant Communities</b>         | <b>Populated Places</b>              | <b>Boundaries</b>                       |
| <b>Safely-reliant</b><br>▼ 80% to 100%    | • 1 - 49 999                         | — International                         |
| <b>Highly-reliant</b><br>▼ 65% to 79%     | • 50 000 - 49 999                    | — Provincial / Territorial              |
| <b>Strongly-reliant</b><br>▼ 50% to 64%   | • 50 000 - 99 999                    | — EEZ (200 mile)                        |
| <b>Moderately-reliant</b><br>▼ 30% to 49% | • 100 000 and greater                | — Canada / Kalaaat Nunaat dividing line |
|   | ○ Provincial and Territorial Capital |   |
|   | ★ National Capital                   |   |

■ Mining-reliant census subdivision

■ Indian Reserve

■ Urban Area

■ Urban Area

Note: Predominately urban census subdivisions with a population density of at least 65 persons per square kilometre and a population of 5000 and greater.

Source(s):

Resource-reliant Communities, 2001

White, William. 2005. Natural Resources Canada, Canadian Forest Services.

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