



Atlas of Canada 6th Edition
(archival version)

**Population Density, 2001
(by census division)**

Canada, with 3.3 people per square kilometre, has one of the lowest population densities in the world. In 2001, most of Canada's population of 30 million lived within 200 kilometres of the United States. In fact, the inhabitants of our three biggest cities — Toronto, Montréal and Vancouver — can drive to the border in less than two hours. Thousands of kilometres to the north, our polar region — the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and Nunavut — is relatively empty, embracing 41% of our land mass but only 0.3% of our population. Human habitation in the solitary north clings largely to scattered settlements: villages among vast expanses of virgin ice, snow, tundra and taiga.



Lambert Conformal Conic Projection. Standard Parallels 49°N and 77°N

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|---|----------------------------|---|
| Population Density by Census Division (persons / square kilometre) | Populated Places | Boundaries |
| Less than 0.1 | 1 - 4999 | Census Division |
| 0.1 - 0.9 | 5 000 - 49 999 | International |
| 1 - 4.9 | 50 000 - 99 999 | Provincial / Territorial |
| 5 - 19.9 | 100 000 and greater | EEZ (200 mile) |
| 20 - 49.9 | National | Canada / Alaska / Nunavut dividing line |
| 50 - 150 | Provincial and Territorial | |
| Greater than 150 | | |

Source(s):
2001 Population
Statistics Canada, Population and Dwelling Counts, for Census Divisions, Census Subdivisions (Municipalities) and Designated Places, 2001 and 1996 Censuses - 100% data, Catalogue number 93F0050XDB01003.

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