



Atlas of Canada 6th Edition  
(archival version)

### Water Consumption — Commercial and Institutional Water Consumption, 1999

Commercial consumers are businesses, and institutional users such as government agencies, schools, and hospitals. Apartment buildings are also included in this section since these are normally operated by businesses. Next to residential uses, commercial and institutional consumption makes up the largest part of municipal water use. On per capita basis, consumption rates are highest in Prince Edward Island and in New Brunswick, and lowest in Manitoba.

0 150 300 450 600 km

Lambert Conformal Conic Projection. Standard Parallels 49°N and 77°N

- Commercial and institutional water consumption by river sub-basin (cubic metre/day/person)**

  - < 0.0250
  - 0.0251 - 0.1000
  - 0.1001 - 0.1500
  - > 0.1500
  - 1 cubic metre = 1000 litres
  - no data
  - Regions outside Canada
- Populated Places**

  - 1 - 4999
  - 5 000 - 49 999
  - 50 000 - 99 999
  - 100 000 and greater
  - Provincial and Territorial Capital
  - National Capital
- Boundaries**

  - International
  - Canada / Kalaallit Nunaat dividing line
  - EEZ (200 mile)
- Commercial and institutional water use change in municipalities (1991 - 1999)**

  - reduced
  - increased

**Source(s):**  
Commercial and institutional water consumption (litres/day/person)  
Environment Canada. 1999. The Municipal Water Use and Pricing Survey.  
Commercial and institutional water use change in municipalities (1991 - 1999)  
Environment Canada. 1999. The Municipal Water Use and Pricing Survey.

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